

# Interim report 2020 Storebrand Livsforsikring AS (unaudited)

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### Storebrand Livsforsikring group

Storebrand Livsforsikring AS is a wholly owned subsidiary of the listed company Storebrand ASA. For information about the Storebrand Group's 3rd quarter result please refer to the Storebrand Group's interim report for the 3rd quarter of 2020. Storebrand Group's ambition is to provide our customers with financial freedom and security by being the best provider of long-term savings and insurance. The Group offers an integrated product range spanning from life insurance, P&C insurance, asset management and banking to private individuals, companies and public sector entities. The Group is divided into the segments Savings, Insurance, Guaranteed Pension and Other.

#### **COVID-19 UPDATE**

In the 3rd quarter, the situation in the Norwegian and Swedish society following the Covid-19 pandemic continued to normalise, although both countries have seen a recent increase in Covid-19 cases. As an immediate impact of Covid-19 and the economic downturn, Storebrand's financial results were negatively affected by the financial market turmoil, but the losses have to a large extent been reversed since. Increased unemployment has affected the disability insurance results negatively due to reserve strengthening. How the current unprecedented situation will unfold remains uncertain, but Storebrand's financial risk management has proven to be robust and the Group is able to handle a further economic downturn. Storebrand has remained fully operational with close to normal productivity and has experienced strong underlying growth through the first three quarters in 2020, despite the Covid-19 pandemic.

#### PROFIT STOREBRAND LIVSFORSIKRING GROUP

	2020 2019		19	01.01 - 30.09		Full Year		
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	2020	2019	2019
Fee and administration income	864	867	851	865	844	2,581	2,467	3,332
Insurance result	195	175	-131	120	189	239	545	665
Operational expenses	-594	-586	-627	-691	-604	-1,807	-1,819	-2,510
Operating profit	464	456	93	294	428	1,013	1,193	1,486
Financial items and risk result life & pension	282	123	-471	284	112	-66	425	709
Profit before amortisation	747	578	-378	578	540	947	1,618	2,196
Amortisation	-93	-94	-89	-87	-85	-277	-254	-341
Profit before tax	653	484	-467	491	456	670	1,364	1,855

The profit before amortisation was NOK 747m (NOK 540m) in the quarter and NOK 947m (NOK 1 618m) year to date. The figures in brackets are from the corresponding period last year. Strong underlying growth within the Savings and the Insurance segment, combined with rebounding financial markets, a strong insurance result, and strong cost control contribute to the growth in profits. Financial market returns also contribute to significant increases in the buffer capital, which at the end of the 3rd quarter amounted to 10.2% in Sweden and 10.5% in Norway as a share of customer reserves.

Total fee and administration income amounted to NOK 864m (NOK 844m) in the quarter representing an increase of 2% compared to the same period last year. Adjusted for currency changes the decrease was 1%. The increase is attributed to the savings segment where assets under management has grown, including Unit Linked in Norway and Sweden. Savings segment fee and administration income increased to NOK 484m for the quarter compared to NOK 450m last year, representing a growth of 3% adjusted for currency. In the Guaranteed segment, fee and administration income declined to NOK 370m for the quarter compared to NOK 384m last year, a decrease in line with the run-off nature of this business. Year to date fee and administration income

amounted to NOK 2 581m (NOK 2 467m) in the quarter representing an increase of 5% compared to the same period last year. Adjusted for currency changes the increase was 1%.

The Insurance result was NOK 195m (NOK 189m) and the total combined ratio was 87% (88%) in the quarter, ahead of the target of 90-92%. Year to date the Insurance result was NOK 239m (NOK 545m) with combined ratio of 103% (88%). The higher combined ratio in 2020 is due to reserve strengthening in the 1st quarter related to increased disability risk in Norway in light of COVID-19 and a subsequent economic downturn.

The operating costs in the quarter were NOK 594m (NOK 604m) and NOK 1 807m (NOK 1 819m) year to date. In the quarter strong cost discipline and somewhat lower activity has affected the cost level. The underlying cost control is strong.

Overall, the operating profit increased to NOK 464m (NOK 428m) in the quarter due to growth in the Group's income, lower costs and a stable insurance result. Year to date operating profit was NOK 1 013m (NOK 1 193m) due to weak result in the 1st quarter.

The financial items and risk result' improved to NOK 282m (NOK 112m). Positive developments in financial markets continued to reverse mark to market losses on credit bond investments and equities from the 1st quarter this year, resulting in investment gains on company portfolios. Profit sharing in the Norwegian and Swedish Guaranteed business, as well as indexation fees and a lower need for Deferred Capital Contribution resulted in a net profit sharing of NOK 164m for the Group in the quarter. However, the Norwegian Defined Benefit portfolio had a negative risk result in the quarter and year to date due to weak disability results and reserve strengthening. Year to date, the 'financial items and risk result' for the Group is still negative at NOK -66m (NOK 425m).

Storebrand Livsforsikring Group booked a tax expense of NOK 84m (NOK 90m) in the quarter and a tax income of NOK 458m (minus NOK 197m) year to date. Generally, the effective tax rate is influenced by the fact that the Group has operations in countries with tax rates that are different from Norway, and it varies from quarter to quarter depending on each legal entity's contribution to the Group result. The estimated normal tax rate is 20-23%, but currency can impact the quarterly tax rate. Tax related issues are described in note 7.

#### PROFIT STOREBRAND LIVSFORSIKRING GROUP - BY SEGMENTS

		2020		20	19	01.01	- 30.09	Full Year
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	2020	2019	2019
Savings	217	207	148	146	152	572	420	566
Insurance	112	90	-253	23	89	-51	258	281
Guaranteed pensions	302	-8	95	332	237	388	697	1,029
Other	116	289	-368	77	62	38	244	320
Profit before amortisation	747	578	-378	578	540	947	1,618	2,196

The Group reports the results by business segment. For a more detailed description of the results, see the sections by segment below. In the 3rd quarter, the Savings segment reported a profit before amortisation of NOK 217m (NOK 152), driven by increased assets under management and cost control. The insurance segment had a stable result development and reported a profit before amortisation of NOK 112m (NOK 89m). In the Guaranteed pension segment the result was NOK 302m (237m), primarily due to strong profit sharing. In the Other segment, the profit amounted to NOK 116m (NOK 62m) driven by positive returns in the company portfolios, reversing unrealised losses that occurred earlier in the year during the financial market turmoil.

#### **CAPITAL SITUATION**

Storebrand uses the standard model for the calculation of Solvency II. The Storebrand Group's target solvency margin in accordance with the Solvency II regulations is a minimum of 150%, including use of the transitional rules. The solvency margin was 179% at the end of 3rd quarter 2020, this is within the target level of 150-180%. The Solvency ratio without transitional rules was 150%, also corresponding to an increase of 13 percentage points from the last quarter. The increase in the solvency ratio in the quarter is due to positive returns on credit

bonds and equities, as well as repricing and de-risking measures in parts of the guaranteed business. A lower regulatory volatility adjustment had a negative contribution to the solvency ratio. A strong group profit after tax, net of dividend set aside for 2020, also contribute positively to the solvency ratio.

#### MARKET AND SALES PERFORMANCE

The growth in Unit linked savings is driven by premiums from existing contracts, new sales, investment returns, conversion from Defined Benefit to Defined Contribution schemes and increased savings rates. Both the Swedish and the Norwegian Unit Linked business manage over NOK 100bn of pension assets. In Norway, Storebrand is the market leader in Unit Linked occupational pension with 30% market share of gross premiums written (at the end of the 2nd quarter 2020). SPP is the third largest provider and has a market share of 15% in the Swedish market for non-unionised occupational pensions ("Övrig Tjänstepension"). SPP is rapidly growing its sales within United Linked pensions and has received large transfers this year. New sales year to date, measured in annual premium equivalent¹, grew to NOK 1,988m (NOK 1235m) and the net transfer balance was NOK 5,133m (NOK 815m).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Measured in SEK, as reported to Finansinspektionen, the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority

### Savings

- 33% growth in operating profit in the 3rd quarter compared to last year
- 15% growth in Unit Linked premiums y/y
- Total Unit Linked reserves amounting to NOK 252 bn, up 22% y/y

The Savings segment includes products for retirement savings with no interest rate guarantees. The segment consists of defined contribution pensions in Norway and Sweden.

#### **PROFIT**

		2020		2019		01.01 -	30.09	Full Year
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	2020	2019	2019
Fee and administration income	484	487	488	484	450	1,459	1,321	1,805
Operational expenses	-272	-265	-305	-338	-291	-842	-884	-1,222
Operating profit	212	222	183	146	160	617	436	583
Financial items and risk result life & pension	5	-15	-36	-0	-7	-45	-17	-17
Profit before amortisation	217	207	148	146	152	572	420	566

The Savings segment reported a profit before amortisation and tax of NOK 212m (NOK 160m) for the quarter and NOK 617m (NOK 436m) year to date.

Compared to the 3rd quarter last year, the fee- and administration income in the Savings segment increased by 10% year to date, or 6% when adjusted for currency effects. In the 3d quarter the income increased by 3% when adjusted for currency effects.

Reported product margins decreased in the quarter, partly due to continued gradual margin decline, but also as due tolower activity based fees from pension administrative services.

Operational cost within Savings decreased in the 3rd quarter both compared to the corresponding quarter last year. This is partly explained by lower marketing activity in light of Covid-19, but also by strong cost control.

#### BALANCE SHEET AND MARKET TRENDS

The Unit Linked premiums were NOK 4.9bn (NOK 4.2bn) at the end of 3rd quarter, growing 15% compared to the 3rd quarter last year. Total assets under management in Unit Linked increased by NOK 17bn (7%)

during the 3rd quarter to NOK 252bn. Compared to the same quarter last year, the growth is NOK 49bn (19%). Total net transfers in the quarter amounted to NOK -0.8bn net outflow, but a net NOK 6.2bn inflow year to date.

In the Norwegian Unit Linked business, assets under management increased by NOK 7.6bn (6%) in the quarter, and by NOK 17.1bn (16%) compared to the same quarter last year. The underlying growth is driven by growth in occupational pension premium payments as well as good market returns and new sales. Storebrand remains market leader with 30% market share of gross premiums written (at the end of the 2nd quarter 2020) within defined contribution corporate pensions.

In the Swedish market, SPP is the third largest, and fastest growing provider of non-unionised occupational pensions with a market share of 15% measured by gross premiums written (excluding transfers) within Unit Linked. Assets under management increased by SEK 7.9bn (7.0%) in the quarter and SEK 14.1bn (13.1%) compared to the same quarter last year. The growth is driven by strong growth in sales (APE) and positive net transfers – both from occupational pensions savings, but also from portfolio transfers into SPP.

#### **KEY FIGURES**

		2020	2019		
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Unit Linked Reserves	251,578	234,644	210,061	219,793	206,717
Unit Linked Premiums	4,856	5,121	5,046	4,551	4,205

#### Insurance

- 9% growth in portfolio premiums y/y
- 7% growth in premiums f.o.a. YTD compared to same period last year
- Combined ratio of 87% in the quarter, target 90-92%

The Insurance segment provides personal risk products in the Norwegian and Swedish retail market and employee insurance and pensions-related insurance in the Norwegian and Swedish corporate market.

#### **PROFIT**

Financial items and risk result life & pension	15	10	-15	18	5	10	16	33
Operating profit	97	80	-238	5	84	-61	243	248
Operational expenses	-97	-95	-107	-115	-105	-300	-302	-417
- Claims f.o.a.	-551	-561	-837	-584	-500	-1,949	-1,501	-2,086
- Insurance premiums f.o.a.	746	736	706	704	689	2,188	2,046	2,750
Insurance result	195	175	-131	120	189	239	545	665
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	2020	2019	2019
		2020		2019	9	01.01 -	- 30.09	Full Year

Insurance delivered a result before amortisation of NOK 112m (NOK 89m) for the quarter and NOK -51m (NOK 258m) year to date. The combined ratio was 87% (88%) in the quarter and 111% (88%) year to date. The higher combined ratio year to date is primarily due to a reserve strengthening in the 1st quarter based on the Covid-19 pandemic and an expected increase in disability levels. The 3rd quarter claims ratio was 74% (73%) and all the three main product categories are generating positive insurance results.

For Individual life, the result year to date is weaker than normal due to increases in disability and child insurance claims. Price adjustments and discount restrictions have been implemented to improve results. The result was NOK 52m (NOK 28m) in the quarter and NOK 103m (159m) year to date.

Group life, the result was NOK 20m (NOK 10m) in the quarter and NOK -223m (-29m) year to date. Most of the reserve strengthening conducted in the 1st quarter is attributed to Group life, explaining the negative result year to date. In light of this, the result in the quarter is satisfactory for Group life.

The result for Pension related disability insurance Nordic was NOK 40m (NOK 51m) in the 3rd quarter and NOK 69m (NOK 129m) year to date.

The result is positive both for Norway and Sweden in the 3rd quarter.

Cost control has continued to be satisfactory. The cost ratio remains was 13% in the 3rd quarter (15%), in line with the last quarter and lower compared to the corresponding quarter last year.

Insurance's investment portfolio in Norway amounted to NOK 7.0bn¹ as of the 3rd quarter. It is primarily invested in fixed income securities with short to medium duration and achieved a financial return of 0.9% in the quarter and 2.1% year to date.

#### BALANCE SHEET AND MARKET TRENDS

The Insurance segment offers a broad range of products to the retail market in Norway, as well as to the corporate market in both Norway and Sweden. Portfolio premium (annual) amounts to NOK 2,923m (NOK 2,687m) in the 3rd quarter. Overall growth in portfolio premiums (annual basis) amounted to 11% year to date. The premium growth is attributed to increased business volumes in all lines of business. Profitability in the retail and corporate markets is satisfactory in general. The corporate market is more mature with lower margins and a strong focus on price. For risk cover in connection with defined-contribution pensions in Norway, future growth is expected to be driven by pension related disability insurance and salary growth. Storebrand is aiming to grow in the retail market.

PORTFOLIO PREMIUM (ANNUAL)		2020	2019		
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Individual life *	680	695	680	673	662
Group life **	975	990	975	805	895
Pension related disability insurance ***	1,269	1,315	1,269	1,144	1,130
Portfolio premium	2,923	3,000	2,923	2,622	2,687

<sup>\*</sup> Individual life disability insurance \*\* Group disability, workers compensation insurance \*\*\* DC disability risk premium Norway and disability risk Sweden

KEY FIGURES		2020		2019		
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	
Claims ratio	74 %	76 %	119 %	83 %	73 %	
Cost ratio	13 %	13 %	15 %	16 %	15 %	
Combined ratio	87 %	89 %	134 %	99 %	88 %	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> NOK 2.7bn of the investment portfolio is linked to disability coverages where the investment result goes to the customer reserves and not as a result element in the P&L.

### Guaranteed pension

- Net profit sharing of NOK 164m, primarily from Swedish Guaranteed business
- Buffer capital increased by NOK 3.6bn to NOK 36.7bn
- Negative risk result of NOK -21m driven by development in Norwegian DB business

The Guaranteed Pension segment includes long-term pension savings products that give customers a guaranteed rate of return. The area includes defined benefit pensions in Norway and Sweden, paid-up policies and individual capital and pension insurances.

#### **PROFIT**

	2020 2019			01.01	01.01 - 30.09			
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	2020	2019	2019
Fee and administration income	370	360	349	368	384	1,080	1,108	1,475
Operational expenses	-212	-214	-202	-225	-199	-628	-594	-819
Operating profit	159	147	147	143	185	453	514	657
Financial items and risk result life & pension	143	-155	-52	189	52	-64	183	372
Profit before amortisation	302	-8	95	332	237	388	697	1,029

Guaranteed Pension achieved a profit before amortisation of NOK 302m (NOK 237m) in the 3rd quarter and NOK 388m (NOK 697m) year to date.

Fee and administration income has performed in line with the fact that a large part of the portfolio is mature and in long-term decline. The income amounted to NOK 370m (NOK 384m) in the 3rd quarter and NOK 1,080m (1,108m) year to date.

Operating costs amounted to NOK 212m (NOK 199m) in the 3rd quarter and NOK 628m (NOK 594m) year to date. Operating costs will gradually be reduced as a result of the products being in long-term run-off.

The risk result amounted to NOK -21m (NOK 30m) in the 3rd quarter and NOK 3m (NOK 144m) year to date. The risk result continues to be strong in Norwegian Paid-up policies in the quarter based on strong

tariffs for disability. However, the result in the Norwegian Defined Benefit portfolio is negative in the quarter and year to date due to weak disability results and reserve strengthening. To counter this, price adjustments are being implemented.

The result from profit sharing was NOK 164m (NOK 22m) in the 3rd quarter and NOK -67m (NOK 39m) year to date. The positive result in the quarter stems primarily from Swedish Guaranteed business in SPP, where positive developments in equity and credit markets have reduced the need for Deferred Capital Contributions (DCC) and lead to profit sharing and indexation fees for a total contribution of NOK 137m. Year to date, net profit sharing in SPP still amounts to NOK -103m due to an overall increase in DCC. In the Norwegian portfolios, profit sharing was NOK 28m in 3rd quarter and NOK 37m year to date.

#### **BALANCE SHEET AND MARKET TRENDS**

The majority of the guaranteed products are closed for new business, and the customers' choice of transferring from guaranteed to non-guaranteed products is in line with the Group's strategy. As of the 3rd quarter, customer reserves for guaranteed pensions amounted to NOK 277bn. This is an increase of NOK 13.8bn year to date, but adjusted for currency effects the change is NOK 4.7bn. As a share of the total balance sheet, guaranteed reserves amounted to 52.4% (56.1%) as of the 3rd quarter, a reduction of 3.7 percentage points since last year. The premium income for guaranteed pensions (excluding transfers) was NOK 0.7bn (NOK 1.0bn) in the 3rd quarter and NOK 3.4bn (NOK 4.0bn) year to date.

In the Norwegian business, Paid-up policies is the only guaranteed pension portfolio experiencing some growth over time as active Defined Benefit contracts eventually become Paid-up policies. The Paid-up portfolio amounted to NOK 145bn as of the 3rd quarter – an increase of NOK 7.4bn from same period last year. The increase is mainly attributed to

one large Defined Benefit contract converting to a Hybrid pension plan, resulting in a transfer of NOK 3bn in assets to Paid up policies in the 1st quarter this year. Reserves for Defined Benefit pensions in Norway amounted to NOK 30bn at the end of the 3rd quarter, representing a reduction of NOK 2.8bn compared to the level at the start of the year.

Guaranteed portfolios in the Swedish business totalled NOK 90bn as of the 3rd quarter, an increase of NOK 9.7bn compared to the level at the start of the year. Adjusted for currency effects, reserves increased only by NOK 0.6bn.

Buffer capital for Guaranteed Pension increased by NOK 3.6bn in the 3rd quarter to NOK 36.7bn, driven by positive developments in financial markets. As a share of the total customer reserves, Conditional bonuses in Sweden increased by 0.9 percentage points to 10.2% in the quarter, while Market value adjustment reserves and Additional Statutory Reserves in Norway together increased by 1.0 percentage point to 10.5%.

#### **KEY FIGURES**

		2020		201	9
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
Guaranteed reserves	276 995	274 343	272 051	263 185	263 677
Guaranteed reseves in % of total reserves	52.4 %	53.9 %	56.4 %	54.5 %	56.1 %
Transfer out of guaranteed reserves	4	-634	-93	16	14
Buffer capital in % of customer reserves Storebrand	10.5 %	9.5 %	8.3 %	8.6 %	8.3 %
Buffer capital in % of customer reserves SPP	10.2 %	9.3 %	7.3 %	10.7 %	9.8 %

#### Other

Under Other, the company portfolios and smaller daughter companies with Storebrand Life Insurance and SPP are reported. In addition, the result associated with the activities at Euroben is included.

#### **PROFIT**

		2020		2019		01.01	- 30.09	Full Year
(NOK million)	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	2020	2019	2019
Fee and administration income	9	19	13	13	10	42	38	51
Operational expenses	-12	-12	-13	-14	-10	-37	-39	-52
Operating profit	-3	7	1	-1	-0	4	-0	-1
Financial items and risk result life & pension	119	283	-368	78	62	34	244	321
Profit before amortisation	116	289	-368	77	62	38	244	320

The Other segment reported a profit before amortisation of NOK 116m (NOK 62m) in the 3rd quarter. The positive result stems primarily from returns in the company portfolios, reversing unrealised losses that occurred earlier in the year during the financial market turmoil. Year to date, profit before amortisation amount to NOK 38m (NOK 244m).

Fee and administration income of NOK 9m (NOK 10m) in the quarter as well as operational cost of NOK -12m (NOK -10m) were in line with the levels of previous quarters.

The financial result for the Other segment includes the company portfolios of SPP and Storebrand Life Insurance, and amounted to NOK 119m in the quarter (NOK 62m). The investments are primarily in interest-bearing

securities in Norway and Sweden. The Norwegian company portfolio reported a return of 0.71% for the quarter and 1.33% year to date. The Swedish company portfolio achieved a return of 0.55% in the quarter and 0.63% year to date. A reversal of earn out costs contributed with an additional NOK 43m to the result.

The Storebrand Life Insurance Group is funded by a combination of equity and subordinated loans. Given the interest rate level at the end of the 3rd quarter, interest expenses of approximately NOK 70m per quarter are expected going forward. The company portfolios in the Norwegian and Swedish life insurance companies amounted to NOK 28bn at end of the 3rd quarter.

### Balance sheet and capital situation

Continuous monitoring and active risk management is a core area of Storebrand's business. Risk and solidity are both followed up on at the Group level and in the legal entities. Regulatory requirements for financial strength and risk management follow the legal entities to a large extent. The section is thus divided up by legal entities.

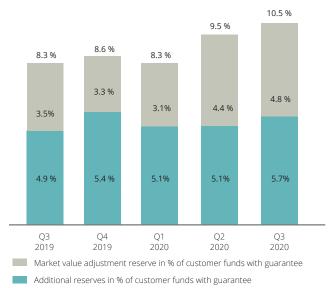
#### STOREBRAND LIVSFORSIKRING GROUP

The Solidity capital<sup>1</sup> measures the amount of IFRS capital available to cover customer liabilities. The solidity capital amounted to NOK 72.0bn at the end of 3rd quarter 2020, an increase in the 3rd quarter by NOK 4.8bn and NOK 9.6bn year to date. The change in the quarter is due to increased customer buffers in both the Norwegian and Swedish operations.

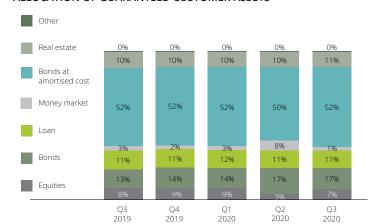
#### STORBRAND LIVSFORSIKRING AS

The market value adjustment reserve increased during the 3rd quarter by NOK 0.7bn and NOK 2.6bn year to date. The market value adjustment reserves amounted to NOK 8.1bn, corresponding to 4.8% of customer funds with guarantee, at the end of 3rd quarter 2020. As a result of good investment return booked in customer portfolios, the additional statutory reserves has increased during the 3rd quarter by NOK 1.0bn and by NOK 0.7bn year to date. The additional statutory reserves amounted to NOK 9.7bn, corresponding to 5.7% of  $\,$ customer funds with guarantee, at the end of the 3rd quarter 2020. Together, the customer buffers amounted to 10.5% of customer funds with guarantee. The excess value of bonds and loans valued at amortised cost increased by NOK 1.1bn in the 3rd quarter and by NOK 5.8bn year to date due to lower interest rates. The excess value of bonds and loans valued at amortised cost amounted to NOK 10.5bn at the end of the 3rd quarter, but is not included in the financial statements.

#### **CUSTOMER BUFFERS**



#### ALLOCATION OF GUARANTEED CUSTOMER ASSETS



Customer assets increased by NOK 9.1bn in the 3rd quarter and NOK 14.4bn year to date, amounting to NOK 312bn at the end of the quarter. Customer assets within non-guaranteed savings increased NOK 7.6bn during the 3rd quarter and NOK 10.4 year to date, amounting to NOK 125bn at the end of the quarter. Guaranteed customer assets increased in the 3rd quarter by NOK 1.6bn and by NOK 4.1bn year to date, amounting to NOK 187bn at the end of the quarter.

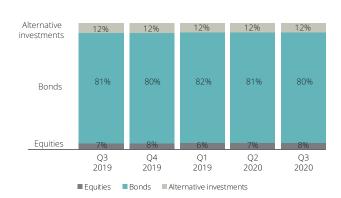
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Consists of equity, subordinated loan capital, market value adjustment reserve, risk equalisation reserve, unrealised gains/losses on bonds and loans at amortised cost, additional statutory reserves, conditional bonuses.

SPP BUFFER CAPITAL



The buffer capital amounted to SEK 8.1bn (SEK 7.8bn) at the end of the 3 rd quarter.

#### ALLOCATION OF GUARANTEED CUSTOMER ASSETS



Total assets under management for customers in SPP were SEK 203bn (SEK 191bn) at the end of the 3rd quarter. This corresponds to an increase of 6.4% compared to the 3rd quarter last year. For customer assets in non-guaranteed savings, assets under management totalled SEK 121bn (SEK 107bn) at the end of the 3rd quarter, which corresponds to an increase of 13%, compared with the 3rd quarter 2019.

#### Outlook

#### **STRATEGY**

Storebrand follows a twofold strategy. First, Storebrand aims to build a world class Savings Group supported by Insurance. Storebrand is the market leader in pension solutions to Norwegian businesses and a challenger in the Swedish market, and uniquely positioned in the growing retail savings market. Second, through cost control and disciplined use of capital, Storebrand aims to increase return to shareholders. The guaranteed business is in long term run-off and is projected to release NOK 10bn over the next years, but the recent decline in interest rates increases the uncertainty in its timing.

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The market for Defined Contribution pensions in Norway is undergoing structural growth. Storebrand's total reserves within Unit Linked increased by 22% in the last 12 months and are expected to continue to grow around 12-15% in the coming years. In Sweden, the market is more mature, but with a competitive digital offering and ESG enhanced mutual funds, SPP is the fastest growing provider in the non-unionized market, seizing new market shares.

The loyalty program for employees at companies that have their pensions managed by Storebrand remains an important area of focus for growing in the retail market in Norway.

Competition in the market has resulted in pressure on margins within the Savings and Insurance segment. The introduction of Individual Pension Accounts, outlined more in detail in a separate section below, will add to further margin pressure within Unit Linked. This in turn sets requirements for relative cost reductions, efficiency improvements, and the need for increased sales.

The Guaranteed Pension segment is in long term run-off and reserves for Defined Benefit products are decreasing. As Defined Benefit schemes are closed, contracts become Paid-up policies leading to some growth in Paid-up reserves. These reserves will eventually start to fall as well. Guaranteed reserves represent a declining share of the Group's total pension reserves and were 52.4% at the end of the quarter, 3.7 percentage points lower than the same period last year. Guarenteed pensions make a limited contribution to the Group results in the present interest rate environment. However, recent pension reforms to Public Occupational Pensions have made it attractive for Storebrand to enter this market, which today is run by a monopolist. In the 3rd quarter, Storebrand won its first mandate. More counties and municipalities are expected to put the management of their pensions out on tender, which could lead to further growth in the segment.

#### RISK

Market risk is the Group's biggest risk. In the Board's self-assessment of risk and solvency (ORSA) process, developments in interest rates, credit spreads, and equity and property values are considered to be the biggest risks that influence the solvency of the Group. Should the economic situation worsen and financial markets deteriorate, investment losses may occur from reduced valuations of such instruments.

Storebrand has adapted to the low interest rates by increasing duration in portfolios and building buffer capital. The level of the average annual interest rate guarantee is gradually reduced as older policies with higher guarantees are phased out. In the long term, continued low interest rates will represent a risk for products with guaranteed high interest rates. Storebrand has adjusted its asset allocation by building a robust portfolio of bonds at amortised cost to achieve sufficient returns. With 10.5% of customer buffers as a share of customer reserves with guarantees in Norway, Storebrand effectively has NOK 16.7bn more in customer assets than liabilities. These help to generate excess returns, currently estimated to be 0.4% above the average annual guarantee of 3.1%. The customer buffers can also be used to compensate for a shortfall in returns under poor market conditions, limiting the financial risk to shareholders.

For insurance risk, increased longevity and the development in disability are the factors that have greatest influence on solvency. Covid-19 combined with plummeting oil prices led to an increase in the number of temporarily laid off workers in Norway, but many have already returned to work. A prolonged situation with unemployment could lead to increased disability, which may result in increased claims. Consequently, Storebrand has strengthened its disability reserves this year. Should the economic situation worsen, further reserve and price increases can be undertaken.

Operational risk may also have an effect on solvency. The risk is closely monitored. The span of outcomes from regulatory risk has increased. Several processes, both on the domestic and international level, with potential implications for capital, customer returns and commercial opportunities are described below.

#### INDIVIDUAL PENSION ACCOUNT

The Ministry of Finance is expected to pass final regulation and decide on timeline for introducing Individual Pension Accounts shortly.

Defined contribution capital certificates issued by previous employers ("pensjonskapitalbevis") will be transferred into the active scheme unless the holder makes an active choice to stay with the current provider has launched a public consultation on changes in the Solvency II by opting out ("negative acceptance").

We expect the new rules to enter into force 1 January 2021, and transfer of DC capital certificates to take place during May and June 2021.

A key aim of the reform is to reduce the costs associated with the administration of pension contributions from previous employers. The Ministry of Finance has proposed that individuals shall pay the same fee for former earnings transferred into the Individual Pension Account The expectation is that final conclusions are to be drawn by the as the employer pays for current earnings. This is expected to be part of the final regulation, leading to significantly lower income related to former earnings for the providers.

Storebrand currently has a higher market share for active defined contribution schemes than for certificates from such schemes and therefore expects some new net inflows of DC capital certificates from the proposed changes. Individuals will be able to transfer the pension account (both current and former earnings) to other providers. Storebrand is participating in the Ministry of Finance implementing group on Individual pension accounts.

#### **GUARANTEED PENSIONS**

The Ministry of Finance has conducted a public consultation on proposals for changes in guaranteed pension regulations with the ambition to improve policy holders' prospects for better investment returns and higher pension payments.

The Ministry of Finance decided shortly after the public consultation that pension providers' ability to book fixed income at amortised cost would not be revoked.

The Ministry of Finance is still working on which proposals to put forward to parliament regarding changes in buffer and guarantee regulation.

#### **SOLVENCY II REVIEW**

The European Insurance and Occupational Pension Authority (EIOPA) standard model. EIOPA has proposed changes in the interest rate risk module that could increase the solvency capital requirement for Norwegian and Swedish insurers. EIOPA was expected to present final proposals to the Commission in June 2020. Due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, EIOPA and the Commission has agreed on a revised timetable. EIOPA's advice will therefore not be delivered to the Commission until the end of December 2020.

Commission, the Parliament and the Council in 2022.

Lysaker, 20 October 2020

### Storebrand Livsforsikring group Statement of comprehensive income

	Q3		01.01 - 30.09		Full Year	
(NOK million)	2020	2019	2020	2019	2019	
TECHNICAL ACCOUNT:						
Gross premiums written	6,213	5,737	20,952	18,764	24,988	
Reinsurance premiums ceded	-2	-1	-11	-9	-11	
Premium reserves transferred from other companies	1,237	1,305	13,535	4,721	6,239	
Premiums for own account	7,449	7,041	34,476	23,476	31,216	
Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures						
companies	82	80	166	222	285	
Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets	1,747	2,373	5,081	5,970	7,790	
Net operating income from properties	237	249	767	775	1,003	
Changes in investment value	1,185	562	3,020	5,677	5,053	
Realised gains and losses on investments	893	1,004	1,393	2,807	2,235	
Total net income from investments in the collective portfolio	4,144	4,269	10,427	15,451	16,367	
Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies	25	9	39	37	56	
Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets	26	-26	35	-33	379	
Net operating income from properties	77	35	149	111	148	
Changes in investment value	11,617	5,372	258	23,273	29,870	
Realised gains and losses on investments	1,032	-380	1,879	976	1,941	
Total net income from investments in the investment selection portfolio	12,777	5,010	2,360	24,363	32,394	
Other insurance related income	339	372	1,036	984	1,344	
	4.002	4.670	45 202	4.4.72.4	40.504	
Gross claims paid	-4,883	-4,670	-15,303	-14,734	-19,591	
Claims paid - reinsurance	1	1 100	5	7	10	
Premium reserves etc. transferred to other companies	-2,051	-1,182	-6,181	-5,157	-6,357	
Claims for own account	-6,933	<b>-5,851</b>	-21,479	-19,884	-25,938	
To/from premium reserve, gross	1,252	-941	-1,676	-4,524	-531	
To/from additional statutory reserves  Change in market rakes adjustment fixed.	-417	-79	-771	-104	-768	
Change in marketvalue adjustment fund	-689	-753	-2,592	-3,648 -1	-3,255	
Change in premium fund, deposit fund and the pension surplus fund  To/from technical reserves for non-life insurance business	1	-22	-118	-27	-2 -8	
Change in conditional bonus	-907	310	1,218	-356	-1,858	
Transfer of additional statutory reserves and value adjustment fund from other	-907	310	1,210	-330	-1,030	
insurance companies/pension funds	1	-4	-7	-7	-11	
Changes in insurance obligations recognised in the Profit and Loss Account - contractual obligations	-759	-1,489	-3,946	-8,668	-6,433	
Change in pension capital	-15,591	-8,055	-19,660	-31,845	-43,761	
Changes in insurance obligations recognised in the Profit and Loss Account -	45.504		10.550	24.245	10 = 11	
investment portfolio separately	-15,591	-8,055	-19,660	-31,845	-43,761	
Profit on investment result					-199	
Risk result allocated to insurance contracts					-196	
Other allocation of profit	100	100	246	205	-43	
Unallocated profit	-180	-109	-318	-305	400	
Funds allocated to insurance contracts	-180	-109	-318	-305	-438	
Management expenses	-57	-48	-149	-144	-189	
Selling expenses	-230	-190	-703	-575	-788	

### Storebrand Livsforsikring group Statement of comprehensive income continue

	Q3		01.01 - 3	30.09	Full Year
(NOK million)	2020	2019	2020	2019	2019
Change in pre-paid direct selling expenses	16	11	58	39	51
Insurance-related administration expenses (incl. commissions for reinsurance received)	-318	-378	-983	-1,128	-1,565
Insurance-related operating expenses	-589	-606	-1,777	-1,808	-2,492
Other insurance related expenses	-28	-76	-204	-389	-388
Technical insurance profit	631	504	915	1,375	1,871
NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT					
Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies	9	-123	33	-114	15
Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets	110	103	287	320	448
Changes in investment value	44	5	32	150	113
Realised gains and losses on investments	25	137	-79	130	83
Net income from investments in company portfolio	188	122	273	486	660
Other income	44	37	132	122	173
Management expenses	-5	-5	-14	-14	-18
Other expenses	-205	-203	-636	-605	-831
Management expenses and other costs linked to the company portfolio	-210	-208	-650	-619	-849
Profit or loss on non-technical account	23	-49	-245	-11	-16
Profit before tax	653	456	670	1,364	1,855
Tax expenses	-84	-90	458	-197	-333
Profit before other comprehensive income	569	365	1,128	1,167	1,522
Change in actuarial assumptions	-2	-3	-6	-8	14
Fair value adjustment of properties for own use	2	1	24	-21	-22
Other comprehensive income allocated to customers	-2	-1	-24	21	22
Tax on other profit elements not to be reclassified to profit/loss					9
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit/loss	-2	-3	-6	-9	23
Profit/loss cash flow hedging	-14	4		-17	-36
Translation differences foreign exchange	34	-19	283	-209	-164
Other profit comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit /loss	20	-15	283	-226	-201
Other comprehensive income	18	-18	277	-235	-177
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	587	348	1,405	932	1,345
PROFIT IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
Share of profit for the period - shareholders	565	362	1,121	1,162	1,515
Share of profit for the peride - non-controlling interests	4	4	7	5	7
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Share of profit for the period - shareholders	587	354	1,405	939	1,347

### Storebrand Livsforsikring group Statement of financial position

(NOK million)	30.09.2020	30.09.2019	31.12.2019
ASSETS			
ASSETS IN COMPANY PORTFOLIO			
Goodwill	833	739	750
Other intangible assets	3,260	3,095	3,073
Total intangible assets	4,094	3,834	3,824
Properties at fair value	50	50	49
Equities and units in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures	130	114	114
Loans at amoritsed cost	2	2	2
Bonds at amortised cost	8,120	7,592	7,119
Deposits at amortised cost	421	471	582
Equities and fund units at fair value	55	16	25
Bonds and other fixed-income securities at fair value	17,972	18,985	19,914
Derivatives at fair value	1,377	1,094	1,122
Total investments	28,127	28,323	28,926
Receivables in connection with direct business transactions	373	466	310
Receivables in connection with reinsurance transactions	1	6	17
Receivables with group company	66	78	112
Other receivables	5,093	1,030	3,206
Total receivables	5,533	1,579	3,645
Tangible fixed assets	708	318	325
Cash, bank	1,827	1,577	1,814
Tax assets	1,815	1,692	1,566
Other assets designated according to type	67	70	67
Total other assets	4,417	3,657	3,772
Pre-paid direct selling expenses	709	562	583
Other pre-paid costs and income earned and not received	280	207	138
Total pre-paid costs and income earned and not received	989	769	721
Total assets in company portfolio	43,160	38,163	40,887
Assets in customer portfolios			
Properties at fair value	26,568	24,927	25,526
Properties for own use	1,551	1,316	1,375
Equities and units in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures	4,659	3,438	3,352
Bonds held to maturity	13,473	13,455	13,377
Bonds at amortised cost	91,914	90,180	89,790
Loans at amortised cost	22,330	24,416	23,735
Deposits at amortised cost	8,583	5,138	6,163
Equities and fund units at fair value	19,708	24,483	25,677
Bonds and other fixed-income securities at fair value	97,878	86,314	83,881
Loans at fair value	8,177	5,400	6,393
Derivatives at fair value	7,843	7,149	3,122
Total investments in collective portfolio	302,684	286,215	282,391
<u> </u>			
Reinsurance share of insurance obligations	29	62	69
Properties at fair value	4,111	3,693	3,839

### Storebrand Livsforsikring group Statement of financial position continue

(NOK million)	30.09.2020	30.09.2019	31.12.2019
Equities and units in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures	1,051	545	693
Loans	36		
Deposits at amortised cost	643	480	1,312
Equities and fund units at fair value	196,126	157,612	168,344
Bonds and other fixed-income securities at fair value	50,582	44,071	44,245
Loans at fair value	143	340	343
Derivatives at fair value	95	63	1,009
Total investments in investment selection portfolio	252,786	206,804	219,786
Total assets in customer portfolio	555,499	493,081	502,246
TOTAL ASSETS	598,659	531,244	543,133
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital	3,540	3,540	3,540
Share premium	9,711	9,711	9,711
Other paid in equity	599	88	88
Total paid in equity	13,850	13,339	13,339
Risk equalisation fund	436	428	466
Security reserves	5	4	5
Other earned equity	10,885	11,262	11,627
Non-controlling interests	69	111	113
Total earned equity	11,395	11,804	12,211
Perpetual subordinated loans	1,100	1,974	1,974
Dated subordinated loans	7,860	6,613	6,675
Total subordinated loans and hybrid tier 1 capital	8,960	8,587	8,649
Premium reserves	264,468	255,333	253,582
Additional statutory reserves	9,689	8,362	9,023
Market value adjustment reserve	8,092	5,893	5,500
Premium fund, deposit fund and the pension surplus fund	1,993	1,900	2,016
Conditional bonus	9,539	8,040	9,302
Unallocated profit to insurance contracts	337	328	
Other technical reserve	678	663	649
Total insurance obligations in life insurance - contractual obligations	294,797	280,519	280,072
Pension capital	251,577	206,696	219,936
Total insurance obligations in life insurance - investment portfolio separately	251,577	206,696	219,936
Pension liabilities etc.	104	135	100
Deferred tax	571	465	527
Other provisions for liabilities	113	117	127
Total provisions for liabilities	788	717	754
Liabilities in connection with direct insurance	788	812	1,015
Liabilities in connection with reinsurance	3	3	3
Derivatives	2,884	2,384	932
Liabilities to group companies	1,548	34	33
Other liabilities	11,495	5,811	5,418
Total liabilities	16,719	9,044	7,401
Other accrued expenses and received, unearned income	572	538	772
Total accrued expenses and received, unearned income	572	538	772
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	598,659	531,244	543,133

## Storebrand Livsforsikring group Statement of change in equity

				Majority's	share of equity				
			Other		Risk			Non-	
	Share	Share	paid in	Total paid	equalisation	Security	Other	controlling	Total
(NOK million)	capital	premium	equity	in equity	fund	reserves	equity	interests	equity
Equity at 31.12.2018	3,540	9,711		13,251	234		13,714	114	27,313
Profit for the period					195		968	5	1,167
Other comprehensive income							-228	-7	-235
Total comprehensive income for the period					195		740	-2	932
Equity transactions with owner:									
Received dividend/group contributions			88	88					88
Paid dividend/group contributions							-3,221		-3,221
Other							33	-2	31
Equity at 30.09.2019	3,540	9,711	88	13,339	428		11,266	111	25,143
Profit for the period					232	5	1,278	7	1,522
Other comprehensive income							-175	-2	-177
Total comprehensive income for the period					232	5	1,102	6	1,345
Equity transactions with owner:									
Received dividend/group contributions			88	88					88
Paid dividend/group contributions							-3,221		-3,221
Other							33	-7	26
Equity at 31.12.2019	3,540	9,711	88	13,339	466	5	11,628	113	25,550
Profit for the period					-30		1,151	7	1,128
Other comprehensive income							277		277
Total comprehensive income for the period					-30		1,428	7	1,405
Equity transactions with owner:									
Received dividend/group contributions			511	511					511
Paid dividend/group contributions							-2,219		-2,219
Other							49	-52	-3
Equity at 30.09.2020	3,540	9,711	599	13,850	436	5	10,886	69	25,245

### Storebrand Livsforsikring Statement of cash flow 1. January - 30. September

sforsikring AS	Storebrand Liv	-	d Livsforsikrin roup	Storebrand L
2019	2020	2020 (NOK million)	9 20	2019
		Cash flow from operating activities		
17,104	13,916	20,894 Net received - direct insurance	20,8	25,236
-12,529	-9,463	-15,484 Net claims/benefits paid - direct insurance	-15,4	-19,913
-1,368	1,097	7,353 Net receipts/payments - policy transfers	7,3	-118
-260	25	143 Net change insurance liabilities	5 1	-765
		1,036 Receipts - interest, commission and fees from customers	1,0	1,344
-368	-178	-204 Payments - interest, commission and fees to customers	-2	-388
-1,509	-1,022	-1,777 Net receipts/payments operations	-1,7	-2,492
710	472	-296 Net receipts/payments - other operational activities	7 -2	2,687
1,780	4,848	11,665 Net cash flow from operating activities before financial assets	11,6	5,591
1,556	1,569	574 Net receipts/payments - loans to customers	5	310
2,115	-5,624	-10,679 Net receipts/payments - financial assets	-10,6	-1,148
		698 Net receipts/payments - property activities	6	-368
-2,770	-872	-1,587 Net change bank deposits insurance customers	-1,5	-2,092
901	-4,927	-10,994 Net cash flow from operating activities from financial assets	-10,9	-3,298
2,681	-79	671 Net cash flow from operating activities	6	2,293
		Cash flow from investing activities		
	73	73 Net payments - sale/purchase of subsidiaries		
	-46	-46 Net payments - purchase/capitalisation associated companies	-	
-15	-4	-24 Net receipts/payments - sale/purchase of fixed assets	1 -	-14
-15	22	3 Net cash flow from investment activities	ļ.	-14
		Cash flow from financing activities		
927	499	499 Receipts - subordinated loans issued	7 4	927
-128	-872	-872 Repayment of subordinated loans	-8	-128
-355	-343	-343 Payments - interest on subordinated loans		-355
110	1,286	Payments received of dividend and group contribution	6	110
-3,200	-687	-682 Payment of dividend and group contribution		-3,200
-2,646	-118	-717 Net cash flow from financing activities	5 -7	-2,646
20	-176	-43 Net cash flow for the period		-367
-881	4,751	of which net cash flow for the period before financial assets	10,9	2,931
20	-176	-43 Net movement in cash and cash equivalent assets	7 -	-367
1,390	1,410	2,396 Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the period		2,717
		-105 Currency translation differences		46
1,410	1,235	2,248 Cash and cash equivalent assets at the end of the period		2,396

### Storebrand Livsforsikring AS Statement of comprehensive income

	Q3	3	01.01 -	30.09	Full Year
(NOK million)	2020	2019	2020	2019	2019
TECHNICAL ACCOUNT					
Gross premiums written	3,968	3,766	13,982	12,816	16,905
Reinsurance premiums ceded	-1		-8	-7	-8
Premium reserves transferred from other companies	332	571	5,326	2,370	3,139
Premiums for own account	4,300	4,337	19,299	15,179	20,036
Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies	667	820	193	2,599	3,461
of which from investment in property companies	223	218	193	918	1,302
Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets	1,509	1,355	3,980	4,090	5,389
Changes in investment value	-748	649	2,480	2,543	1,702
Realised gains and losses on investments	1,226	-475	1,105	-826	-455
Total net income from investments in the collective portfolio	2,654	2,348	7,758	8,407	10,097
Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies	-544	1,057	41	2,984	3,870
of which from investment in rproperty companies	51	48	41	203	289
Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets	189	-98	34	-282	64
Changes in investment value	4,462	2,128	-391	6,798	8,534
Realised gains and losses on investments	1,858	-1,148	1,879	225	1,430
Total net income from investments in the investment selection portfolio	5,965	1,939	1,563	9,726	13,897
Other insurance related income	187	233	594	583	824
Gross claims paid	-2,895	-2,876	-9,354	-9,300	-12,226
Claims paid - reinsurance			4	7	9
Premium reserves etc. transferred to other companies	-1,251	-798	-4,228	-3,892	-4,506
Claims for own account	-4,146	-3,673	-13,578	-13,185	-16,723
To/from premium reserve, gross	563	487	201	79	543
To/from additional statutory reserves	17	21	78	64	-768
Change in marketvalue adjustment fund	-689	-753	-2,592	-3,648	-3,255
Change in premium fund, deposit fund and the pension surplus fund				-1	-2
To/from technical reserves for non-life insurance business	1	-22	-118	-27	-8
Transfer of additional statutory reserves and value adjustment fund from other insurance companies/pension funds	1	-4	-7	-7	-11
Changes in insurance obligations recognised in the Profit and Loss Account - contractual obligations	-108	-271	-2,440	-3,539	-3,501
Change in pension capital	-7,573	-3,929	-10,376	-14,323	-21,134
Changes in insurance obligations recognised in the Profit and Loss Account - investment portfolio separately	-7,573	-3,929	-10,376	-14,323	-21,134
Profit on investment result					-199
Risk result allocated to insurance contracts					-196
Other allocation of profit					-43
Unallocated profit	-546	-231	-1,308	-647	
Funds allocated to insurance contracts	-546	-231	-1,308	-647	-438

### Storebrand Livsforsikring AS Statement of comprehensive income continue

Management expenses  Selling expenses Insurance-related administration expenses (incl. commissions for reinsurance received) Insurance-related operating expenses Other insurance related expenses after reinsurance share Technical insurance profit  NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets Changes in investment value	2020 -57 -96 -192 -344 -22 367 21 80 17 2	-48 -68 -262 -378 -68 306	-149 -278 -595 -1,022 -178 314	-144 -194 -751 <b>-1,089</b> -352 <b>761</b>	-189 -269 -1,051 -1,509 -368 1,180
Selling expenses Insurance-related administration expenses (incl. commissions for reinsurance received) Insurance-related operating expenses Other insurance related expenses after reinsurance share Technical insurance profit  NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets Changes in investment value	-96 -192 -344 -22 367 21 80 17	-68 -262 -378 -68 306	-278 -595 <b>-1,022</b> -178 <b>314</b>	-194 -751 <b>-1,089</b> -352	-269 -1,051 <b>-1,509</b> -368
Selling expenses Insurance-related administration expenses (incl. commissions for reinsurance received) Insurance-related operating expenses Other insurance related expenses after reinsurance share Technical insurance profit  NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets Changes in investment value	-96 -192 -344 -22 367 21 80 17	-68 -262 -378 -68 306	-278 -595 <b>-1,022</b> -178 <b>314</b>	-194 -751 <b>-1,089</b> -352	-269 -1,051 <b>-1,509</b> -368
Insurance-related administration expenses (incl. commissions for reinsurance received)  Insurance-related operating expenses  Other insurance related expenses after reinsurance share  Technical insurance profit  NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT  Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies  Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets  Changes in investment value	-192 -344 -22 367 21 80 17	-262 -378 -68 306	-595 -1,022 -178 314	-751 <b>-1,089</b> -352	-1,051 <b>-1,509</b> -368
Insurance-related operating expenses  Other insurance related expenses after reinsurance share  Technical insurance profit  NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT  Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies  Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets  Changes in investment value	-344 -22 367 21 80 17	-378 -68 306	-1,022 -178 314	<b>-1,089</b> -352	<b>-1,509</b> -368
Other insurance related expenses after reinsurance share  Technical insurance profit  NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT  Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies  Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets  Changes in investment value	-22 <b>367</b> 21 80 17	-68 <b>306</b>	-178 <b>314</b>	-352	-368
NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets Changes in investment value	21 80 17	<b>306</b>	314		
NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets Changes in investment value	21 80 17	20		761	1,180
Income from investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures companies Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets Changes in investment value	80 17		1.020		
companies Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets Changes in investment value	80 17		1.020		
Interest income and dividends etc. from financial assets  Changes in investment value	17	103	1,039	477	546
			252	317	448
	2	15	46	126	102
Realised gains and losses on investments		-5	-560	301	279
Net income from investments in company portfolio	120	133	777	1,221	1,374
1 7					
Other income	1	6	2	17	22
Management expenses	-5	-5	-14	-14	-18
Other expenses	-85	-116	-276	-288	-390
Total management expenses and other costs linked to the company portfolio	-90	-120	-270 -290	-302	-408
Profit or loss on non-technical account	31	19	489	937	988
Tront of 1033 off from teerminear account	31	15	403	337	
Profit before tax	398	325	803	1,697	2,168
Tax expenses	-90	-82	507	-137	-322
Profit before other comprehensive income	308	243	1,310	1,560	1,846
Change in actuarial assumptions					-4
Tax on other profit elements not to be reclassified to profit/loss					
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit/loss					10 <b>6</b>
Profit/loss cash flow hedging	-14	4		-17	-36
Translation differences foreign exchange	-14	4		-17	-36
Other profit comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit /loss					
Other comprehensive income	-14	4	0	-17	-30
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	294	247	1,310	1,543	1,816

### Storebrand Livsforsikring AS Statement of financial position

(NOK million)	30.09.2020	30.09.2019	31.12.2019
ASSETS			
ASSETS IN COMPANY PORTFOLIO			
Other intangible assets	396	337	338
Total intangible assets	396	337	338
Equities and units in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures	13,457	12,692	12,814
Loans at amortised cost	1	1	1
Bonds at amortised cost	8,120	7,592	7,119
Deposits at amoritsed cost	349	339	508
Equities and fund units at fair value	55	15	24
Bonds and other fixed-income securities at fair value	11,364	11,174	11,675
Derivatives at fair value	1,377	1,094	1,122
Total investments	34,723	32,908	33,262
Receivables in connection with direct business transactions	370	459	305
Receivables in connection with reinsurance transactions	1	6	9
Receivables with group company	47	55	770
Other receivables	2,065	673	356
Total receivables	2,483	1,194	1,439
Tangible fixed assets	16	12	19
Cash, bank	885	754	902
Tax assets	1,845	1,684	1,340
Total other assets	2,746	2,450	2,261
Other pre-paid costs and income earned and not received	22	71	25
Total pre-paid costs and income earned and not received	22	71	25
Total assets in company portfolio	40,369	36,959	37,326
Assets in customer portfolios			
Equities and units in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures	19,993	27,836	28,662
of which investment in property companies	19,993	19,201	19,565
Bonds held to maturity	13,473	13,455	13,377
Bonds at amortised cost	91,914	90,180	89,790
Loans at amoritsed cost	22,330	24,416	23,735
Deposits at amoritsed cost	5,981	2,493	4,444
Equities and fund units at fair value	10,650	7,688	7,860
Bonds and other fixed-income securities at fair value	27,474	23,330	22,173
Derivatives at fair value	5,593	1,628	1,080
Total investments in collective portfolio	197,408	191,026	191,121
Reinsurance share of insurance obligations	20	62	67

### Storebrand Livsforsikring AS Statement of financial position continue

(NOK million)	30.09.2020	30.09.2019	31.12.2019
Equities and units in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures	5,204	19,092	20,077
of which investment in property companies	5,204	4,449	4,643
Lendings at amoritsed cost	36		
Deposits at amoritsed cost	321	410	986
Equities and fund units at fair value	78,701	51,303	54,990
Bonds and other fixed-income securities at fair value	41,594	36,957	37,138
Loans at fair value	143	340	343
Derivatives at fair value	95	63	1,009
Total investments in investment selection portfolio	126,096	108,165	114,544
Total assets in customer portfolios	323,524	299,253	305,732
TOTAL ASSETS	363,893	336,212	343,058
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital	3,540	3,540	3,540
Share premium	9,711	9,711	9,711
Other paid in equity	599	88	599
Total paid in equity	13,850	13,339	13,850
Risk equalisation fund	436	428	466
Security reserves	5		5
Other earned equity	12,530	13,156	11,190
Total earned equity	12,971	13,588	11,661
Perpetual subordinated loans	1,100	1,974	1,974
Dated subordinated loans	7,860	6,613	6,675
Total subordinated loans and hybrid tier 1 capital	8,960	8,587	8,649
Premium reserves	172,016	172,112	171,973
Additional statutory reserves	8,841	8,194	9,023
Market value adjustment reserve	8,092	5,893	5,500
Premium fund, deposit fund and the pension surplus fund	1,993	1,900	2,016
Unallocated profit to insurance contracts	1,327	669	
Other technical reserve	678	663	649
Total insurance obligations in life insurance - contractual obligations	192,947	189,432	189,161
Pension capital	124,900	107,734	114,538
Total insurance obligations in life insurance - investment portfolio separately	124,900	107,734	114,538
Pension liabilities etc.	7	12	7
Total provisions for liabilities	7	12	7
Liabilities in connection with direct insurance	597	635	758
Derivatives	2,196	1,267	421
Liabilities to group companies	1,555	36	2,257
Other liabilities	5,770	1,425	1,450
Total liabilities	10,118	3,363	4,886
Other accrued expenses and received, unearned income	140	158	305
Total accrued expenses and received, unearned income	140	158	305
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	363,893	336,212	343,058

### Storebrand Livsforsikring AS Statement of change in equity

		Share			Risk			
	Share	premium	Other paid	Total	equalisation	Security	Other	
(NOK million)	capital 1)	reserve	in capital	paid in equity	fund	reserves	equity	Total equity
Equity at 31.12.2018	3,540	9,711	84	13,335	233		11,812	25,381
Profit for the period					195		1,365	1,560
Other comprehensive income							-17	-17
Total comprehensive income for the period					195		1,348	1,543
Equity transactions with owner:								
Received dividend/group contributions			3	3				3
Other								
Equity at 30.09.2019	3,540	9,711	88	13,339	428		13,160	26,927
Profit for the period					232	5	1,609	1,846
Other comprehensive income							-30	-30
Total comprehensive income for the								
period					232	5	1,578	1,816
Equity transactions with owner:								
Received dividend/group contributions			515	515				515
Paid dividend/group contributions							-2,200	-2,200
Other								
Equity at 31.12.2019	3,540	9,711	599	13,850	466	5	11,190	25,511
Profit for the period					-30		1,340	1,310
Other comprehensive income								
Total comprehensive income for the								
period					-30		1,340	1,310
Equity transactions with owner:								
Other								
Equity at 30.09.2020	3,540	9,711	599	13,850	436	5	12,530	26,820

<sup>1) 35 404 200</sup> shares of NOK 100 par value.

### Notes Storebrand Livsforsikring group

#### Note 01

#### Accounting policies

The Group's interim financial statements include Storebrand Livsforsikring AS, subsidiaries, associated and joint-ventures companies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the "Regulation on the annual accounts etc. of lifeinsurance companies" for the parent company and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The interim financial statements do not contain all the information that is required in full annual financial statements.

A description of the accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are provided in the 2019 annual report, and the interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with these accounting policies.

There are none new or changed accounting standards that entered into effect in 2020 that have significant effect on Storebrand's consolidated financial statements.

In the third quarter, additional statutory reserves were changed to include both estimated deductions and estimated addition to additional statutory reserves, comparative figures have been restated.

Storebrand Livsforsikring AS - the company's financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles that were used in the annual report for 2019.

#### Note 02

#### **Estimates**

In preparing the Group's financial statements the management are required to make estimates, judgements and assumptions of uncertain amounts. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are based on historical experience and expectations of future events and represent the management's best judgement at the time the financial statements were prepared.

Actual results may differ from these estimates.

A description of the most critical estimates and judgements that can affect recognised amounts is included in the 2019 annual report in note 2, insurance risk in note 6, valuation of financial instruments at fair value is described in note 11 and in the interim financial statements note 9 Solvency II.

#### Note 03

#### Segments - profit by business area

Storebrand's operation includes the segments Savings, Insurance, Guaranteed Pension and Other.

#### **SAVINGS**

The savings segment includes products for retirement savings with no interest rate guarantees. The segment consists of defined contribution pensions in Norway and Sweden. In addition, certain other subsidiaries in Storebrand Livsforsikring and SPP are included in Savings.

#### INSURANCE

The insurance segment provides personal risk products in the Norwegian retail market in addition to employer's liability insurance and pension-related insurance in the Norwegian and Swedish corporate markets.

#### **GUARANTEED PENSION**

The guaranteed Pension segment includes long-term pension savings products that give customers a guaranteed rate of return.

The area includes defined benefit pensions in Norway and Sweden, paid-up policies and individual capital and pension insurances.

#### OTHER

The result for the company portfolios and small subsidiaries of Storebrand Life Insurance and SPP. In addition, the activities at BenCo are reported in this segment. The elimination of intra-group transactions that have been included in the other segments has also been included.

#### RECONCILIATION WITH THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Profit in the segments are reconciled with the corporate profit and loss account before tax. The corporate profit and loss account includes gross income and gross expenses linked to both the insurance customers and owners. The various segments are to a large extent followed up on net profit margins, including risk and administration results. The profit lines that are used in segment reporting will therefore not be identical with the profit lines in the corporate profit and loss account.

A description of the most important differences is included in the 2019 annual report in note 3 Segment reporting

#### **PROFIT BY SEGMENTS**

	C	)3	01.01	01.01 - 30.09		
(NOK million)	2020	2019	2020	2019	2019	
Savings	217	152	572	420	491	
Insurance	112	89	-51	258	554	
Guaranteed pension	302	237	388	697	1,148	
Other	116	62	38	244	121	
Profit before amortisation	747	540	947	1,618	2,315	
Amortisation intangible assets	-93	-85	-277	-254	-305	
Profit before tax	653	456	670	1,364	2,010	

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION Q3**

	Savings		Insurance		Guarantee	ed pension
(NOK million)	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Fee and administration income	484	450			370	384
Insurance result			195	189		
- Insurance premiums for own account			746	689		
- Claims for own account			-551	-500		
Operational cost	-272	-291	-97	-105	-212	-199
Operating profit	212	160	97	84	159	185
Financial items and risk result life & pension	5	-7	15	5	143	52
Profit before amortisation	217	152	112	89	302	237
Amortisation of intangible assets						
Profit before tax	217	152	112	89	302	237

	Storebrand			and Livsforsikring	
	Ot	her	gro	oup	
(NOK million)	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Fee and administration income	9	10	864	844	
Insurance result			195	189	
- Insurance premiums for own account			746	689	
- Claims for own account			-551	-500	
Operational cost	-12	-10	-594	-604	
Operating profit	-3	0	464	428	
Financial items and risk result life & pension	119	62	282	112	
Profit before amortisation	116	62	747	540	
Amortisation of intangible assets			-93	-85	
Profit before tax	116	62	653	456	

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION AS AT 30.09**

	Savings		Insurance		Guarantee	ed pension
(NOK million)	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Fee and administration income	1,459	1,321			1,080	1,108
Insurance result			239	545		
- Insurance premiums for own account			2,188	2,046		
- Claims for own account			-1,949	-1,501		
Operational cost	-842	-884	-300	-302	-628	-594
Operating profit	617	436	-61	243	453	514
Financial items and risk result life & pension	-45	-17	10	16	-64	183
Profit before amortisation	572	420	-51	258	388	697
Amortisation of intangible assets						
Profit before tax	572	420	-51	258	388	697

			Storebrand Livsforsikrin	
	Ot	her	gro	oup
(NOK million)	2020	2019	2020	2019
Fee and administration income	42	38	2,581	2,467
Insurance result			239	545
- Insurance premiums for own account			2,188	2,046
- Claims for own account			-1,949	-1,501
Operational cost	-37	-39	-1,807	-1,819
Operating profit	4	0	1,013	1,193
Financial items and risk result life & pension	34	244	-66	425
Profit before amortisation	38	244	947	1,618
Amortisation of intangible assets			-277	-254
Profit before tax	38	244	670	1,364

#### Note 04

#### Financial market risk and insurance risk

Risks are described in the annual report for 2019 in note 6 (Insurance risk), note 7 (Financial market risk), note 8 (Liquidity risk), note 9 (Credit risk) and note 10 (Concentrations of risk).

#### FINANCIAL MARKET RISK

Market risk means changes in the value of assets due to unexpected volatility or price changes in the financial markets. It also refers to the risk that the value of the insurance liability develops differently than the assets. The most significant market risks for Storebrand are interest rate risk, equity market risk, property price risk, credit risk and currency exchange rate risk.

For the life insurance companies, the financial assets are invested in a variety of sub-portfolios. Market risk affects Storebrand's income and profit differently in the different portfolios. There are three main types of sub-portfolios: company portfolios, customer portfolios without a guarantee (unit linked) and customer portfolios with a guarantee.

The market risk in the company portfolios has a direct impact on Storebrand's profit.

The market risk in customer portfolios without a guarantee (unit linked) is borne by the customers, meaning Storebrand is not directly affected by changes in value. Nevertheless, changes in value do affect Storebrand's profit indirectly. Income is based mainly on the size of the portfolios, while the costs tend to be fixed. Lower returns from the financial market than expected will therefore have a negative effect on Storebrand's income and profit.

For customer portfolios with a guarantee, the net risk for Storebrand will be lower than the gross market risk. The extent of risk sharing with customers depends on several factors, the most important being the size and flexibility of the customer buffers, and the level and duration of the interest rate guarantee. If the investment return is not sufficiently high to meet the guaranteed interest rate, the shortfall will be met by using customer buffers in the form of risk capital built up from previous years' surpluses. Risk capital primarily consists of unrealised gains, additional statutory reserves and conditional bonuses. Storebrand is responsible for meeting any shortfall that cannot be covered by the customer buffers.

For guaranteed customer portfolios, the risk is affected by changes in the interest rate level. Falling interest rates are positive for the investment return in the short term due to price appreciation for bonds, but negative in the long term because it reduces the probability of achieving a return higher than the guarantee.

2020 has been strongly affected by the development linked to the Coronavirus spread. From the last part of February and throughout March, the pandemic, and the consequences of containment both in Norway and globally, led to financial turmoil with falling equity prices, increased credit spreads, falling interest rates and lower tradability for many financial assets. In combination with reduced oil prices, the conditions also led to a significant weakening of the Norwegian Krone. In the second and third quarter, the financial market and especially the equity market has recovered, helped by supporting policy measures. Storebrand has risk management which through policies and principles handles and dampens the effect of volatile financial markets, but the market turmoil has led to negative effects for the results. The uncertainty regarding the financial markets and the effects from Covid-19 going forward is still higher than normal market risk.

The equity market was strong in the third quarter. Global equities increased 7 percent and Norwegian equities increased 8 percent in the third quarter. For the first three quarters, global equities rose 1 percent while Norwegian equities fell 8 percent. The market for corporate bonds was also positive in the third quarter. Most of the increase in credit spreads in the first quarter is now reversed.

Interest rates stayed at around the same level during the third quarter, after large falls in the first half. Short term interest rates are down by approx. 1.6 pp and the Norwegian 10-year swap-rate are down by 1.2 pp from the start of the year. The Swedish 10-year swap-rate is down by 0.4 pp. Due to most of the interest rate investments in the Norwegian customer portfolios being held at amortized cost, changes in interest rates have a limited effect on booked returns in the short term. However, with the present interest rates, new bond investments provide a lower return than the average interest rate guarantee. A lower interest rate is also negative for the solvency position.

The Norwegian Krone stayed at around the same level in the third quarter but has weakened significantly from the start of the year, particularly in the first quarter. From the start of the year, the Norwegian Krone has weakened approx. 11 percent against both the Euro and the Swedish Krona and 6 percent against the US dollar. A high degree of currency hedging in the portfolio means that the exchange rate fluctuations have a modest effect on results and Storebrand's market risk.

Financial instruments valued at fair value level three are priced based on models. Examples of such financial instruments are investment property, private equity and mortgages. The valuation models gather and employ information from a wide range of well-informed sources. There is greater uncertainty regarding the input factors and the valuation from these models than normal. Any continued spread of Covid-19, governmental measurements to contain the spread and the effects for the economy are uncertain and will have impact on the valuation of financial instruments. There is a large range of possible outcomes for these input data and thus for the modelled prices. Hence, the values reflect management's best estimate, but contain greater uncertainty than in a normal quarter. Sensitivities for the valuation from changes in key inputs are provided in note 6.

During the first quarter the investment allocation to equities was reduced in line with the principles for dynamic risk management. During the second and third quarters there has been a reweighting of the equity position in line with positive equity markets.

The return for guaranteed customer portfolios in Norway and Sweden on average was positive, both in the third quarter and from the start of the year. But from the start of the year, the return is slightly lower than the change in value of the liabilities.

The return for the unit linked portfolios was positive in the third quarter but is close to zero from the start of the year.

#### SENSITIVITY ANALYSES

The tables show the fall in value for Storebrand Life Insurance and SPP's investment portfolios as a result of immediate changes in value related to financial market risk. The calculation is model-based, and the result is dependent on the choice of stress level for each category of asset. The stresses have been applied to the company portfolio and guaranteed customer portfolios as at 30 September 2020. The effect of each stress changes the return in each profile.

Unit linked insurance without a guaranteed annual return is not included in the analysis. For these products, the customers bear the market risk and the effect of a falling market will not directly affect the result or buffer capital.

The amount of stress is the same that is used for the company's risk management. Two stress tests have been defined. Stress test 1 is a fall in the value of shares, corporate bonds and property in combination with lower interest rates. Stress test 2 is a somewhat smaller fall in the value of shares, corporate bonds and property in combination with higher interest rates.

#### **LEVEL OF STRESS**

	Stresstest 1	Stresstest 2
Interest level (parallel shift	-100bp	+100bp
Equity	-20%	-12%
Property	-12%	-7%
Credit spread (share of solvency II)	50%	30%

Because it is the immediate market changes that are calculated, dynamic risk management will not affect the outcome. If it is assumed that the market changes occur over a period, then dynamic risk management would reduce the effect of the negative outcomes and reinforce the positive outcomes to some extent.

As a result of customer buffers, the effect of the stresses on the result will be lower than the values described in the tables. As at 30 September 2020, the customer buffers are of such a size that the effects on the result are significantly lower.

#### STRESSTEST 1

	Stor	SSP Pension & Försäkring		
Sensitivity	NOK Million	Share of portfolio	NOK Million	Share of portfolio
Interest rate risk	4,193	2.0%	-144	-0.2%
Equity risk	-2,037	-1.0%	-2,048	-2.2%
Property risk	-2,471	-1.2%	-1,215	-1.3%
Credit srisk	-1,240	-0.6%	-908	-1.0%
Total	-1,555	-0.7%	-4,315	-4.6%

#### STRESSTEST 2

	Store	Storebrand Livforsikring		
Sensitivity	NOK Million	Share of portfolio	NOK Million	Share of portfolio
Interest rate risk	-4,193	2.0%	144	-0.2%
Equity risk	-1,222	-0.6%	-1,229	-1.3%
Property risk	-1,442	-0.7%	-709	-0.8%
Credit srisk	-745	-0.3%	-545	-0.6%
Total	-7,602	-3.6%	-2,339	-2.5%

#### Storebrand Livsforsikring

Stress test 2, which includes an increase in interest rates, makes the greatest impact for Storebrand Livsforsikring. The overall market risk is NOK 7.6 billion (NOK 7.2 billion as at 31 December 2019), which is equivalent to 3.6 (3.4) per cent of the investment portfolio.

If the stress causes the return to fall below the guarantee, it will have a negative impact on the result if the customer buffer is not adequate. Other negative effects on the result are a lower return from the company portfolio and that there is no profit sharing from paid-up policies and individual contracts.

#### SPP PENSION & FÖRSÄKRING

For SPP it is stress test 1, which includes a fall in interest rates, that creates the greatest impact. The overall market risk is SEK 4.3 billion (SEK 3.5 billion as at 31 December 2019), which is equivalent to 4.6 (3.8) per cent of the investment portfolio.

The buffer situation for the individual contracts will determine if all or portions of the fall in value will affect the financial result. Only the portion of the fall in value that cannot be settled against the customer buffer will be charged to the result. In addition, the reduced profit sharing or loss of the indexing fees may affect the financial result.

#### INSURANCE RISK

Insurance risk is the risk of higher than expected payments and/or an unfavourable change in the value of an insurance liability due to actual developments deviating from what was expected when premiums or provisions were calculated. Most of the insurance risk for the group is related to life insurance. Changes in longevity is the greatest insurance risk for Storebrand because higher longevity means that the guaranteed benefits must be paid over a longer period. There are also risks related to disability and early death.

The weakening of the Norwegian economy in the first half of 2020 has led to a substantial increase in unemployment. This increase is possibly temporary due to the containment of the virus and the labour market has improved somewhat in the third quarter. There has historical been correlations between the unemployment rate and the disability levels. The governments are putting in place several measures to support the economy from effects from Covid-19, but the long-term unemployment rate and the outcome of the pandemic is uncertain.

Storebrand increased insurance reserves in the first quarter 2020 based on expected effects from the Covid-19 virus. The situation has been closely monitored during the second and third quarter, without any observed significant effects from Covid-19 on the reserves. The development of the insurance reserves is dependent on future scenarios and are currently more uncertain than normal. Storebrand will continue to monitor the development of Covid-19 and effects for the economy. A prolonged situation with high unemployment could lead to higher disability levels and increased reserves. However, the current insurance reserves represent Storebrand's best estimate of the insurance liabilities.

Other insurance risk was not materially changed during the first three quarters.

#### Note 05

#### Liquidty risk

#### SPECIFICATION OF SUBORDINATED LOAN CAPITAL

(NOK million)	Nominal value	Currency	Interest rate	Call date	Book value
Issuer					
Perpetual subordinated loans					
Storebrand Livsforsikring AS	1,100	NOK	Variable	2024	1,100
Dated subordinated loans					
Storebrand Livsforsikring AS	750	SEK	Variable	2021	791
Storebrand Livsforsikring AS	1,000	SEK	Variable	2022	1,047
Storebrand Livsforsikring AS	900	SEK	Variable	2025	940
Storebrand Livsforsikring AS	1,000	SEK	Variable	2024	1,047
Storebrand Livsforsikring AS	500	NOK	Variable	2025	499
Storebrand Livsforsikring AS	300	EUR	Fixed	2023	3,536
Total subordinated loans and hybrid tier 1 capital 30.09.2020					8,960
Total subordinated loans and hybrid tier 1 capital 31.12.2019					8,649

#### Note 06

#### Valuation of financial instruments and properties

The Group categorises financial instruments valued at fair value on three different levels. Criteria for the categorisation and processes associated with valuing are described in more detail in note 11 in the annual report for 2019.

The company has established valuation models and gathers information from a wide range of well-informed sources with a view to minimizing the uncertainty of valuations.

#### FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT AMORTISED COST

	Fair value	Fair value	Book value	Book value
(NOK million	30.09.2020	31.12.19	30.09.2020	31.12.19
Financial assets				
Loans to customers - corporate	6,211	6,169	6,220	6,194
Loans to customers - retail	17,195	17,542	17,195	17,542
Bonds held to maturity	14,876	14,433	13,394	13,377
Bonds classified as loans and receivables	107,363	100,588	99,425	96,909
Financial liabilities				
Subordinated loan capital	8,882	8,729	8,960	8,649

#### VALUATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND PROPERTIES AT FAIR VALUE

#### STOREBRAND LIVSFORSIKRING GROUP

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
		Observable	Non-observable	Total	Total
(NOK million)	Quoted prices	assumptions	assumptions	30.09.2020	31.12.2019
Assets					
Equities and fund units					
- Equities	24,307	107	479	24,893	28,673
- Fund units		181,190	9,806	190,996	165,372
Total equities and fund units 30.09.2020	24,307	181,298	10,285	215,889	
Total equities and fund units 31.12.2019	28,007	156,553	9,485		194,045
Total loans to customers					
- Loans to customers - corporate			8,320	8,320	6,736
Bonds and other fixed income securities					
- Government bonds	15,739	19,001		34,740	31,416
- Corporate bonds		61,298	8	61,306	60,055
- Structured notes					
- Collateralised securities		3,114		3,114	1,219
- Bond funds		58,070	9,203	67,272	55,350
Total bonds and other fixed income securities					
30.09.2020	15,739	141,483	9,210	166,432	
Total bonds and other fixed income securities 31.12.2019	10,638	131,898	5,505		148,040
Derivatives:	10,030	131,030	3,303		140,040
- Equity derivatives					1
- Interest derivatives		8,656	-123	8,533	2,539
- Currency derivatives		-2,102	125	-2,102	1,780
- Credit derivatives		-2,102		-2,102	1,700
Total derivatives 30.09.2020		6,554	-123	6,431	
- derivatives with a positive market value		9,315	-125	9,315	5,253
- derivatives with a negative market value		-2,761	-123	-2,884	-932
Total derivatives 31.12.2019		4,321	123	2,004	4,321
Properties:		7,321			7,321
- investment properties			30,729	30,729	29,415
- Owner-occupied properties			1,551	1,551	1,375
Total properties 30.09.2020			32,280	32,280	1,575
Total properties 31.12.2019			30,790	52,200	30,790
10tai properties 31.12.2013			30,790		30,790

There is no significant movement between level 1 and level 2 in this quarter and year to date.

#### **MOVEMENT LEVEL 3**

Book value 30.09.2020	479	9,806	8,320	15	5,483	33,128	2,689
Other							-554
Currency translation differences		248	727		1	537	1,116
Sales/overdue/settlement	-20	-925	-636		-6	-278	
Supply/disposal		1,252	1,688			3,091	826
Net profit/loss	30	214	-195		-3	362	-74
Book value 01.01	469	9,016	6,736	15	5,490	29,415	1,375
(NOK million)	Equities	units	customers	bonds	funds	properties	properties
		Fund	Loans to	Corporate	Bond	Investment	Owner-occupied

As at 30 September 2020, Storebrand Livsforsikring had NOK 5 709 million invested in Storebrand Eiendomsfond Norge KS and Ruseløkkveien 26, Oslo. The investments are classified as "investment in associated companies and joint ventures" in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### STOREBRAND LIVSFORSIKRING AS

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
		Observable	Non-observable	Total	Total
(NOK million)	Quoted prices	assumptions	assumptions	30.09.2020	31.12.2019
Assets					
Equities and fund units					
- Equities	22,475	95	479	23,048	2,327
- Fund units		58,756	7,602	66,358	60,547
Total equities and fund units 30.09.2020	22,475	58,851	8,080	89,406	
Total equities and fund units 31.12.2019	1,685	53,883	7,306		62,874
Total loans to customers					
- Loans to customers - corporate			143	143	
Bonds and other fixed income securities					
- Government bonds	7,935	107		8,042	4,992
- Corporate bonds		27,579	8	27,586	25,794
- Structured notes					
- Collateralised securities		765		765	732
- Bond funds		43,081	958	44,039	39,467
Total bonds and other fixed income securities					
30.09.2020	7,935	71,531	965	80,432	
Total bonds and other fixed income securities					
31.12.2019	4,899	65,316	771		70,986
Derivatives:					
- Equity derivatives					1
- Interest derivatives		6,901		6,901	1,238
- Currency derivatives		-2,032		-2,032	1,550
Total derivatives 30.09.2020		4,869		4,869	
- derivatives with a positive market value		7,065		7,065	
- derivatives with a negative market value		-2,196		-2,196	
Total derivatives 31.12.2019		2,789			2,789

#### **MOVEMENT LEVEL 3**

(NOK million)	Equities	Fund units	Loans to customers	Corporate bonds	Bond funds
Book value 01.01	469	6,837	343	8	763
Net profit/loss	30	428	30		32
Supply/disposal		1,056			228
Sales/overdue/settlement	-20	-720	-230		-65
Book value 30.09.2020	479	7,602	143	8	958

#### SENSITIVITY ASSESSMENTS

#### **EQUITIES**

It is primarily investments in forests that are classified under equity at level 3. Forestry investments are characterised by, among other things, very long cash flow periods. There can be some uncertainty associated with future cash flows due to future income and costs growth, even though these assumptions are based on recognised sources. Nonetheless, valuations of forestry investments will be particularly sensitive to the discount rate used in the estimate. The company bases its valuation on external valuations. These utilise an estimated market-related required rate of return

	Storebrand Livsfo	rsikring group	Storebrand Livsf	orsikring AS
	Change in value at char	ge in discount rate	Change in value at char	ge in discount rate
(NOK million)	Increase + 25 bp	Decrease - 25 bp	Increase + 25 bp	Decrease - 25 bp
Change in fair value as at 30.09.20	-19	17	-19	17
Change in fair value as at 31.12.19	-19	21	-19	21

#### **UNITS**

Large portions of the portfolio are private equity funds invested in companies priced against comparable listed companies. The valuation of the private equity portfolio will thus be sensitive to fluctuations in global equity markets. The private equity portfolio has an estimated Beta relative to the MSCI World (Net – currency hedged to NOK) of around 0.46.

	Storebrand Livsf	orsikring group	Storebrand Livsf	orsikring AS
	Change MS	SCI World	Change MSC	I World
(NOK million)	Increase + 10 %	Decrease - 10 %	Increase + 10 %	Decrease - 10 %
Change in fair value as at 30.09.20	450	-450	354	-354
Change in fair value as at 31.12.19	413	-413	320	-320

The valuation of indirect property investments will be sensitive to a change in the required rate of return and the expected future cash flow. Remaining indirect property investments are no longer leveraged

	Storebrand Livsfors	sikring group	Storebrand Livsfo	orsikring AS
	Change indirect prope	rty investments	Change indirect prope	erty investments
(NOK million)	Increase + 10 %	Decrease - 10 %	Increase + 10 %	Decrease - 10 %
Change in fair value as at 30.09.20	2	-2	2	-2
Change in fair value as at 31.12.19	1	-1	1	-1

#### LOANS TO CUSTOMERS

Loans are valued at fair value. The fair value is determined by discounting future cash flows with the associated swap curve adjusted for a customer-specific credit spread. Loans from SPP Pension & Försäkring AB are appraised at fair value. The value of these loans is determined by future cash flows being discounted by an associated swap curve adjusted for a customer-specific credit spread.

	Storebrand Livsforsikring	g group	Storebrand Livsforsikr	ing AS
	Change in marketspr	ead	Change in marketspi	read
(NOK million)	+ 10 bp	- 10 bp	+ 10 bp	- 10 bp
Change in fair value as at 30.09.20	-28	28	-7	7
Change in fair value as at 31.12.19	-27	27	-9	9

#### **CORPORATE BONDS**

Corporate bonds at level 3 are typical non-performing loans and convertible bonds. They are not priced by a discount rate as bonds normally are, and therefore these investments are included in the same sensitivity test as private equity.

	Storebrand Livsfor	sikring group	Storebrand Livsfo	orsikring AS
	Change MSC	l World	Change MSC	l World
(NOK million)	Increase + 10 %	Decrease - 10 %	Increase + 10 %	Decrease - 10 %
Change in fair value as at 30.09.20	0	0	0	0
Change in fair value as at 31.12.19	0	0	0	0

#### **PROPERTIES**

The sensitivity assessment for properties includes investments properties.

The valuation of property is particularly sensitive to a change in the required rate of return and the expected future cash flow. A change of 0.25 per cent in the required rate of return when everything else remains unchanged will result in a change in the value of Storebrand's property portfolio of approximately 5.5 per cent.

	Storebrand Livsforsikrir	ng group	Storebrand Livsforsik	ring AS
	Change in required rate	of return	Change in required rate	of return
(NOK million)	0.25 %	-0.25 %	0.25 %	-0.25 %
Change in fair value as at 30.09.20	-1,678	1,870	-1,001	1,104
Change in fair value as at 31.12.19	-1,560	1,699	-1,065	1,129

#### Note 07

#### Tax

The effective tax rate is influenced by the fact that the Group has operations in countries with tax rates that are different from Norway and differences from currency hedging of the Swedish subsidiary SPP. The income tax expense is also influenced by a tax effect relating to previous years. In the quarter there has been booked a tax income due to new information and interpretation of the transition rules of 2018. The tax rate for companies' subject to the financial tax is 25 per cent. The Storebrand Group includes companies that are both subject to and not subject to the financial tax. Therefore, when capitalising deferred tax/deferred tax assets in the consolidated financial statements, the company tax rate that applies for the individual companies is used (22 or 25 per cent).

The tax rate for companies in Sweden is 21.4 per cent.

In the first quarter there was booked a tax income of NOK 356 million due to new information and revised interpretation of the transition rules of 2018. Due to a substantial weakening of NOK against SEK in the first quarter, the hedging of Swedish subsidiaries had a tax effect which increased the tax income. The NOK has increased during the last two quarters and the tax effect was reduced to NOK 223 million for the third quarter.

#### Uncertain tax positions

The tax rules for the insurance industry have undergone changes in recent years. In some cases, Storebrand and the Norwegian Tax Administration have had different interpretations of the tax rules and associated transitional rules. As a result of this, uncertain tax positions arise in connection with the recognised tax expenses. Whether or not the uncertain tax positions have to be recognised in the financial statements is assessed in accordance with IAS 12 and IFRIC 23. Uncertain tax positions will only be recognised in the financial statements if the company considers it to be preponderance that the Norwegian Tax Administration's interpretation will be accepted in a court of law. Significant uncertain tax positions are described below.

- A. In 2015, Storebrand Livsforsikring AS discontinued the Norwegian subsidiary, Storebrand Eiendom Holding AS, with a tax loss of approximately NOK 6.5 billion and a corresponding increase in the tax loss carryforward. In January 2018, Storebrand Livsforsikring AS received notice of an adjustment to the tax returns for 2015 which claimed that the calculated loss was excessive but provided no further quantification. Storebrand Livsforsikring AS disagrees with the arguments that were put forward and submitted its response to the Norwegian Tax Administration on 2 March 2018. The notice was unclear, but based on the notice, a provision was made in the 2017 annual financial statements for an uncertain tax position of approximately NOK 1.6 billion related to the former booked tax loss (appears as a reduction in the loss carryforward and, in isolation, gave an associated increased tax expense for 2017 of approximately NOK 0.4 billion). In May 2019, Storebrand Livsforsikring AS received a draft decision from the Norwegian Tax Administration claiming changes in the tax return from 2015. Storebrand disagrees with the notice from the Norwegian Tax Administration and submitted its response in October 2019. The company considers it to be preponderance that Storebrand's understanding of the tax legislation will be accepted by a court of law and thus, no uncertain tax position has been recognised in the financial statements based on the recieved draft decision. If the Norwegian Tax Administration's position is accepted, Storebrand estimates that a tax expense for the company of approximately NOK 1.2 billion will arise. There will also be negative effects for returns on customer assets after tax. The effects are based on best estimates and following a review with external expertise.
- B. New tax rules for life insurance and pension companies were introduced for the 2018 financial year. These rules contained transitional rules for how the companies should revalue/write-down the tax values as at 31 December 2018. In December 2018, the Norwegian Directorate of Taxes published an interpretive statement that Storebrand does not consider to be in accordance with the wording of the relevant act. When presenting the national budget for 2020 in October 2019, the Ministry of Finance proposed a clarification of the wording of the transitional rules in line with the interpretive statement from the Norwegian Directorate of Taxes. The clarification was approved by the Norwegian Parliament in December 2019. Storebrand considers there to be uncertainty regarding the value such subsequent work on a legal rule has as a source of law, and which in this instance only applies for a previous financial year. In the tax return for 2018, Storebrand Livsforsikring AS applied the wording in the original transitional rule, but in October 2019 received a notice of adjustment of tax assessment in line

with the interpretive statement from the Norwegian Directorate of Taxes and the clarification from the Ministry of Finance. Storebrand Livsforsikring AS disagrees with the Norwegian Tax Administration's interpretation but considers it uncertain as to whether the company's interpretation will be accepted if the case is decided by a court of law. The uncertain tax position has therefore been recognised in the financial statements. Based on our revised best estimate, the difference between Storebrand's interpretation and the Norwegian Tax Administration's interpretation is approximately NOK 6.3 billion in an uncertain tax position. If Storebrand's interpretation is accepted, a deferred tax expense of approximately NOK 1.6 billion will be derecognised from the financial statements.

C. The outcome of the interpretation of tax rules for group contributions referred to above under (A) will have an impact when calculating the effect from the transitional rules for the new tax rules referred to under point (B). An equivalent interpretation to that described under (A) has been used as a basis in the financial statements when calculating tax input values on property shares owned by customer assets for 2016 and 2017. There is thus an uncertain tax position relating to the effect from the transitional rules described in (B). This effect will depend on the interpretation and outcome of (A). If Storebrand's position is accepted under (A), Storebrand will recognise a tax income of approximately NOK 0.8 billion. If the Norwegian Tax Administration prevails with its argument under point (A), Storebrand will recognise a tax expense of approximately NOK 0.6 billion.

The timeline for the continued process with the Norwegian Tax Administration is unclear, but if necessary, Storebrand will seek clarification from the court of law for the aforementioned uncertain tax positions.

#### Note o8

#### Contingent liabilities

	Storebrand L	ivsforsikring	Storel	orand
	gro	up	Livsforsi	kring AS
(NOK million)	30.09.20	31.12.19	30.09.20	31.12.19
Uncalled residual liabilities re limitied partnership	5,948	7,297	5,311	6,433
Total contigent liabilities	5,948	7,297	5,311	6,433

Guarantees essentially encompass payment and contract guarantees.

Unused credit facilities encompass granted and any unused credit accounts and credit cards, as well as, any unused flexible mortgage facilities.

Storebrand Group companies are engaged in extensive activities in Norway and abroad, and are subject for client complaints and may become a party in legal disputes, see also note 2 and note 42 in the 2019 annual report.

### Note | 09

#### Solvency II

Storebrand Livsforsikring is an insurance company with capital requirements in accordance with Solvency II.

The calculations below are for Storebrand Livsforsikring AS when Storebrand Livsforsikring Group no longer entitled to report solvency. The requirement on consolidated level only applies to Storebrand Group.

The solvency capital requirement and minimum capital requirement are calculated in accordance with Section 46 (1) – (3) of the Solvency II Regulations using the standard method.

#### SOLVENCY CAPITAL

			30.09.2020			31.12.19
		Group 1	Group 1			
(NOK million)	Total	unlimited	limited	Group 2	Group 3	Total
Share capital	3,540	3,540				3,540
Share premium	9,711	9,711				9,711
Reconciliation reserve	23,600	23,600				21,146
Including the effect of the transitional arrange-						
ment	11,591	11,591				
Subordinated loans	8,902		1,132	7,770		7,651
Deferred tax asset						
Risk equalisation reserve	436			436		466
Expected dividend/group distributions	-1,300	-1,300				
Total solvency capital	44,889	35,551	1,132	8,206		40,823
Total solvency capital available to cover the minimum capital requirement	38,186	35,551	1,132	1,504		35,124
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI		35,551	1,132	1,504	30.09.20	· ·
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)		35,551	1,132	1,504	30.09.20	31.12.19
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758	31.12.19 18,583
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)		35,551	1,132	1,504		31.12.19 18,583 702
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market  Counterparty		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758 1,092	31.12.19 18,583 702 7,055
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market  Counterparty  Life		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758 1,092 6,797	31.12.19 18,583 702 7,055
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market  Counterparty  Life  Health		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758 1,092 6,797	31.12.19 18,583 702 7,055 564
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market  Counterparty  Life  Health  P&C		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758 1,092 6,797 617	31.12.19 18,583 702 7,055 564 1,036
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market  Counterparty  Life  Health  P&C  Operational		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758 1,092 6,797 617	31.12.19 18,583 702 7,055 564 1,036 -5,043
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market  Counterparty  Life  Health  P&C  Operational  Diversification		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758 1,092 6,797 617 1,100 -5,367	31.12.19 18,583 702 7,055 564 1,036 -5,043 -4,740
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market  Counterparty  Life  Health  P&C  Operational  Diversification  Loss-absorbing tax effect		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758 1,092 6,797 617 1,100 -5,367 -5,427	31.12.19 18,583 702 7,055 564 1,036 -5,043
minimum capital requirement  SOLVENCY CAPITAL REQUIREMENT AND MARGI  (NOK million)  Market  Counterparty  Life  Health  P&C  Operational  Diversification  Loss-absorbing tax effect  Total solvency requirement		35,551	1,132	1,504	21,758 1,092 6,797 617 1,100 -5,367 -5,427 20,569	31.12.19 18,583 702 7,055 564 1,036 -5,043 -4,740 18,156

#### Note 10

#### Information about related parties

Storebrand conducts transactions with related parties as part of its normal business activities. These transactions take place on commercial terms. The terms for transactions with management and related parties are stipulated in notes 22 and 43 in the 2019 annual report.

Storebrand Livsforsikring has not carried out any material transactions other than normal business transactions with related parties during 2020, other than Storebrand Livsforsikring AS having acquired mortgages from the sister company Storebrand Bank ASA. The mortgages were transferred on commercial terms. The portfolio of loans that have been transferred in the 3rd quarter 2020 is NOK 2 billion and NOK 3.4 billion year to date. Storebrand Livsforsikring transfers loans back to Storebrand Bank when mortgages are renegotiated or terminated. The total portfolio of loans bought as of the 3rd quarter in 2020 is NOK 17.5 billion. Storebrand Livsforsikring AS pays management fees to Storebrand Bank ASA for management of the portfolios, the expence for the 3rd quarter 2020 is NOK 16.9 million and NOK 52 million year to date.

### Financial calender 2020



February 2021

Results 4Q 2020

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